Software Review

David Ward

•Recent Technical Board review included software. Summarise some of the main conclusions...

•Monte Carlo

- Requirements for data analysis
- •Data processing scheme (controversy at DESY meeting)
- Calibration
- •Data storage
- Software repository



Monte Carlo

- Mokka (Geant4) contains detector geometries for Test Beam. Mainly set up by LLR, DESY and NIU. Will need maintenance/updating of geometry.
- Geant4 provides access to many hadronic models.
- Also need Geant3 MC A.Raspereza will maintain this. Uses hard coded geometry.
- Also option in Mokka to write out Geant3 geometry code – not fully up to date.
- FLUKA N.Watson has studied Flugg package; in medium term hope FLUKA will be available in Geant4.
- Coordinate system, cell numbering scheme agreed June 2004. See

http://polywww.in2p3.fr/geant4/tesla/www/mokka/ProtoDoc/CoordinatesAndNumbering.html

• This is, I think, basically under control.

Calice NIU s/w review March 14 2005







Roman Poeschl (DESY), Jeremy McCormick (NIU), Gabriel Musat (LLR)

Calice NIU s/w review March 14 2005



Test beam TB03, zx max angle (40°)





Monte Carlo

- Need description of beam profile. May need to add upstream material/detectors?
- Mokka output is in LCIO format, in the form of SimCalorimeterHits (cell ID; hit energy [dE/dx deposited in cell]; MC truth information.)
- What is still needed is simulation of digitization effects (gain; noise; resolution; crosstalk etc.).
- A possible framework for this exists (G.Lima) operating in the LCIO/Marlin framework (DigiSim; G.Lima). <u>Needs filling with realistic parameterisations by detector</u> <u>experts.</u>
- End result of this should be LCIO CalorimeterHits (cell ID; hit energy [in MIPs?]), in a form directly comparable with data, with linkage back to truth info.





LCIO data model



Calice NIU s/w review March 14 2005



Marlin framework

- Designed as a simple framework for LCIO jobs (F.Gaede).
- Code written as autonomous modules, taking LCIO objects (permanent or transient) as their input and output. Should make it easy to combine code written by different authors.
- Modules can be in C++ or Fortran (or Java, though not mixed with C++/Fortran) \rightarrow access to ROOT/HBOOK.
- Steering file allows control to be defined at run time, and provides a way of passing parameters to modules.
- Experience so far is that this is reasonably straightforward to use. Don't really know yet about efficiency.
- Probably needs some way of controlling event processing in particular some method for filltering/aborting events.
- The TB recommends the use of Marlin for CALICE Test Beam analysis.





Data processing – basic steps

- Filtering (remove bad data or special records like pedestals)
- Cell mapping, i.e. channel $\# \rightarrow cell/wafer index (I,J,K)$
- Alignment, i.e. cell index \rightarrow (x,y,z)
- Calibration pedestal, gain. Zero suppression?
- Above three steps needed for each detector.
- Process beam-related data (drift chambers, Čerenkovs)
- End up with LCIO CalorimeterHits for direct comparison with Monte Carlo.
- Analysis, clustering, histograms/ntuples, event display etc.
- Each of these could be incorporated into the MARLIN framework as separate modules.



Dataflow (agreed 16 Feb)



Calice NIU s/w review March 14 2005



Data processing – points agreed 16 Feb.

- Conversion to LCIO. Agreed on "intelligent unpacking", i.e. raw data of any given type (CRC (calorimeter) hits, TDC data, trigger data, status info etc.) would be stored in separate LCIO objects. In the short term, the CRC and TDC data are the most urgent. Decouple analysis code from DAQ software.
- Ideally the slow controls info should be stripped off at the conversion stage and put into the database. Also pedestals. May want, temporarily, to put this into an LCIO object.
- Mapping and filtering will not be applied before the LCIO stage. (This was the main point of controversy in the TB). We could envisage a migration path where some of these features could be introduced later.
- Still need detailed discussion on format of objects (LCIntVec, LCGenericObject?). Come up with a plan before Easter, hopefully. Need to press on expeditiously with the LCIO conversion; have everything in place before data-taking resumes.



Data processing – points agreed 16 Feb.

- LCCD database package of Frank Gaede was welcomed. Assume as the basis of our planning that we will use this.
- Roman hopes to have realistic experience with its use before the NIU Calice meeting.
- We will use the DESY dCache for the master copy of the native raw data. DESY group will proceed to set this up.
- Implies that conversion of raw data to LCIO will be done in DESY computer centre (at least during data taking at DESY).
- Assume we will use the MARLIN framework for LCIObased work.



Database

- Frank Gaede has a proposal for LCCD (Linear Collider Conditions Data) framework.
- Would access a MySQL database via a package ConditionsDBMySQL (from the Lisbon Atlas group). Could also get some info from elsewhere, e.g. flat files.
- Would fill LCIO calibration objects persistent throughout a run (or for some appropriate period of validity). Need to be LCIntVec, LCFloatVec or LCGenericObject.
- Calibrations are then easily accessible in code processing collections of LCIO hits etc.
- Frank and the DESY FLC group are keen to implement this; Calice wouldn't have to produce the framework (though we would be guinea pig users).
- A first version is available now. Associated mods made to LCIO and MARLIN.
- We can concentrate on populating the database with useful data, but we need someone to manage the database.



Data Storage

- The DESY group have a proposal to store the data in the dCache mass storage at DESY.
- Could (and probably would) still maintain copies in UK/France.
- In this case, processing of native raw data to LCIO would probably be done at DESY.
- (Similar data store system available at Fermilab.)
- Organised in three (at least) parallel directories ../native/ ../raw/ and ../reco/ (where raw and reco would be in LCIO format).
- Access via anonymous ftp, dCache client tool (dccp) or Grid-ftp (preferred).
- Important than all members of Calice have read access by one of these mechanisms; write access limited to a handful of people.
- DESY group setting this up following TB's agreement last month.
- How should we document the data recorded (beam energy, position, data quality etc.)? Web pages ...



Code Repository

- Roman Pőschl has been setting up a CVS repository for Calice code at DESY Zeuthen. Now exists; web interface to come soon.
- Already used for Brahms, LCIO, Marlin, LCCD.
- Encourage CALICE users to check in code which others will find useful.
- Do we also need a web page to collect information on software tools etc.?
- Of course we still need to do better with documentation generally.



Summary - recommendations

• Monte Carlo:

- Each detector group is responsible for and maintaining the geometrical description of their detector within Mokka and for implementing the digitization (noise, crosstalk etc.) as and when necessary.
- We recommend the use of the DigiSim framework within MARLIN for digitization.
- Although detailed work may need to await the arrival of data, each group should consider whether the information stored by Mokka is sufficient for their needs.



Summary - recommendations

- Data analysis framework: Work on the lightweight "intelligent" decoding of the data into LCIO objects needs to start expeditiously (action P.D.Dauncey, G.Mavromanolakis, R.Pöschl, D.R.Ward).
- Aim to agree on data content at NIU Calice meeting, and have a first version of code by end March.
- We recommend the use of MARLIN as the analysis framework. Individual processing tasks, such as mapping, calibration, alignment, histogramming, should be packaged as separate MARLIN processors.



Summary - recommendations

- <u>Database</u>: The use of the LCCD package to access a MySQL database in the LCIO/MARLIN framework is recommended. A database manager is needed.
- <u>Data storage</u>: The data (native, raw LCIO and processed LCIO) will be stored in the dCache mass storage at DESY. All members of Calice need to be informed how they can access to these data (preferably Grid-ftp). Write access needs to be restricted to a very small group of experts (to be identified).
- <u>Code sharing</u>: Authors of code are strongly encouraged to store their work at the CVS repository recently established at DESY-Zeuthen.
- <u>Documentation</u>: Documentation needs to be improved, and a central point of access to documentation (e.g. a web page) should be established.

Calice NIU s/w review March 14 2005

